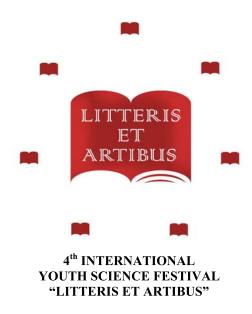


## Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Lviv Polytechnic National University



# GEODESY, ARCHITECTURE & CONSTRUCTION

Proceedings
of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference of Young Scientists
GAC-2013

November 21–23, 2013 Lviv, Ukraine

Lviv
Publishing House of Lviv Polytechnic
2013

#### Організатори конференції:

Національний університет "Львівська політехніка" Колегія та профком студентів і аспірантів Рада молодих вчених

ВМГО "Національний студентський союз"
Рада молодих учених при Держінформнауки
Осередок Ради студентів-політехніків Європи у Львові
Осередок Європейського студентського форуму в Івано-Франківську

#### Organized by:

Lviv Polytechnic National University Students' and Post-graduates' Self-government Young Scientists' Council

All-Ukrainian Youth Public Organization "National Students Union"
Young Scientists Council at the State Agency for Science, Innovation and Informatization
Local BEST Group Lviv (Board of European Students of Technology)
AEGEE-Ivano-Frankivs'k (European Students Forum)

К 637 Геодезія, архітектура та будівництво: Матеріали V Міжнародної конференції молодих вчених GAC-2013. – Львів: Видавництво Львівської політехніки, 2013. – 1 електрон. опт. диск (CD-ROM).

Geodesy, Architecture & Construction: Proceedings of the 5<sup>th</sup> International Conference of Young Scientists GAC-2013. – Lviv: Lviv Polytechnic Publishing House, 2013. – Electronic edition on CD-ROM.

ISBN 978-617-607-516-5

У збірнику опубліковано матеріали конференції, присвяченої проблемам у галузі геодезії, архітектури та будівництва. Видання призначено для науковців, аспірантів, студентів.

УДК 528.1:528.9:691:69.05:69.07:69.003:697:698:721:728:72.01:72.04 ББК 32.973

Відповідальний за випуск — О.Л. Березко Матеріали подано у авторській редакції

#### **CONFERENCE CHAIR**

#### Prof. YU. BOBALO

Rector of Lviv Polytechnic National University

#### **CONFERENCE VICE-CHAIRS**

#### Prof. Z. BLIHARSKIY

Director of Institute of Building and Environmental Engineering

#### Prof. K. TRETYAK

Director of Institute of Geodesy

#### Prof. B. CHERKES

Director of Institute of Architecture

#### PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Prof. KH. BURSHTYNSKA - Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Dr. B. GOY** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. A. HOFER** – Vienna University of Technology (Austria)

Prof. O. DOROZHYNSKIY - Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. V. KVASHA** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. YA. KOSTETSKA** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

Dr. E. LEITNER – Vienna University of Technology (Austria)

Dr. B. MORKLYANYK – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. L. PEROVYCH** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. V. PROSKURYAKOV** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. M. SANYTSKIY** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Prof. M. SOBOL** – Lviv Polytechnic National University

#### HEAD OF THE ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

#### Prof. Z. PIKH

vice-rector of Lviv Polytechnic National University

#### **ORGANIZING COMMITTEE**

Dr. O. BEREZKO – senior lecturer, Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Dr. S. BULA** – associate professor, Lviv Polytechnic National University

A. IHNATOVYCH – assistant lecturer, Lviv Polytechnic National University,

Honorary President of National Students Union of Ukraine

I. KAMSHIY - student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

YU. KOSTIV – assist. lecturer, Lviv Polytechnic National University

O. KULEBA - Ph.D. student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

A. KOLOMYEYTSEV – assist. lecturer, Lviv Polytechnic National University

A. NADOLSKIY – student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

**B. POLISHCHUK** – Ph.D. student, Head of Students' and Ph.D. Students' Union of Lviv Polytechnic National University

of Lyfy Polytechnic National University

K. SMOLIY – engineer, Lviv Polytechnic National University Z. TURYK – student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

**D. TSVOK** – Ph.D. student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

I. YAKUBOVSKIY – assist. lecturer, Lviv Polytechnic National University

**Dr. O. YURYNETS** – associate professor, Head of Young Scientists' Council, Lviv Polytechnic National University

#### **CONFERENCE SECRETARY**

#### O. LOPUSHANSKIY

Ph.D. student, Lviv Polytechnic National University

# **CONTENTS**

Choban O., Demkiv M. Information models of planning strategies for reconstruction and modernization of RSC in the historic city	10
Blinova M., Rodik Ya. Conception of socio-cultural identity in the modern theory of architecture	14
Sheshukova S. Scenario Planning of Public Service System in Seaside Resorts and Recreational Areas	18
Baran T., Bilinska O. Drawing capitals of classical orders at the early stages of architectural activity	20
Vasyllev P. Destination attractiveness factors as a constituent of tour planning	26
Lukomska Z., Lukomska H. Inventory of Valuable Historical Recreational Facilities of Hutsulshchyna	28
Skripal E. Retrospektive analysis of theory and practice of environmental approach in urban planning	32
Lytvynenko T., Smilyanets L. The feasibility of the integrating of cycling in the road network of settlements	
Fediachko K., Varshavska K. Communicatory Transportation Hubs of the Medium and Small Towns of Lviv Region	
Hots A., Rudenko L. Compositional analysis of Gothic architecture in Europe and Ukraine	
Lukomska H., Lukomska Z. The main factors forming SPA-architecture	
Beskorovaina I. Landscape as a factor of the city vertical dominants system formation	
Bilous Yu. Evolution of contemporary museum architecture	
Komarzynska-Swiesciak E. New urban contexts for architecture. Infrastructure zone as platform for new kind of public space	
Muryn A., Kanafotskiy R. Current state of application building structures, strengthened with external composite reinforcement	
Kovac M., Knizova K. Decrease of Operation Costs in Domestic Hot Water System in Multi-dwelling House	
Melnyk A. Peculiarities of structure formation processes in non-autoclaved aerated concrete produced using industrial wastes	
Azizov T., Vildanova N. Theoretical and Experimental Research of the Complete Shearing Stress-Strain Diagram	
Matsiyevska O., Chverenchuk A., Soprunko S., Berezyuk R., Pidlisny B. Ammoniacal nitrogen removal from groundwaters using natural and synthetic zeolites	
Zaitcev O., Riabova O. The impact of the temperature in the premises on the extent of the radiator's heat flow capacity regulation	
Peleshko I., Ivaneyko V. On the set of variants of bar structures for topology optimization problem	
Verba V., Demchyna Kh., Asfour A., Nassar D. Punching tests of foam concrete slabs	
Savytskyi A., Shevchenko T. Definition of the operated reinforced concrete structures condition	
Terlyha V., Kovalchuk M. Physical and chemical processes of structure formation of light-weight plugging mortar	
Rusyn B., Postolovskyi K. The influence of ultrafine supplementary cementitious materials on the properties of Portland cements	
Volotsiuga V., Shynder Yu. Use of modern finite element analysis packages in calculations of reinforced concrete bridges	
<b>Khrunyk S.</b> Environmental impact assessment of combustible wastes utilization in rotary cement kilns	
Mazurak T., Kirakevych I. Modern concretes based on the Rapid-Hardening Portland cement compositions	
Barabash I., Bystrevskyy K. Self-Compacting Concrete mechanically activated on Portland cement with the addition of ground hydrated cement	
Misiurek K., Śniady P. Vibrations of axially compressed sandwich beam due to a moving force	
Bula S., Boiko R. Development trends of full-scale fire testing.	
Stechyschyn M. Evaluation of Basalt Fiber for Strength Self-Compacting Concrete	
Verbovskiy O., Ivaniv V. Conditioning and Dewatering for Sewage Sludges from Treatment	
Fasilities in the Town of Brody in Lviv Region	
Burmur 12. 1 lanegraed wood construction with prestressed non-metallic fittings	100

Murashko O., Adamov O. A New Approach To The Dynamic Certification In Ukraine	112
Kozak C., Zhelykh V. Determination of thermal performance of solar air heater	114
Zademlenyuk A., Avramenko A. Research of opportunities of absolute positioning PPP	
technologies when dealing with the change of city boundar	116
Travka M. The Influence of pollution on the attractiveness of recreational territory of Lviv region	118
Lukomska I. Architectural and Landscape Layout Principles of River Valley Areas in the Ukrainian Carpathians	120
Verbytska U. Features of rental housing in the downtown	122
Antonets M. Visual perception aspects of excursion route composition	124
Borodich M. Factors of anthropogenous impact on formation of the tourist environment of the Bakhchsarai area of Crimea	126
Pona O., Shapoval S. The use of solar collectors combined with a roof for heating supply of buildings	130
Khvorost M., Danova K., Malysheva V. Application of acoustic screens in solution of problem of highway territories protection	132
Orel V., Djakiv A. Research of irrigation pipe-line for uniform distribution of liquid	
Zhelykh V., Furdas Yu. Rationale use of solar energy for heating the compact bioreactor	
Shyshkin E., Zolotov M. Mathematical Model Of Stress And Deformation State Of Glued	
Anchorage Of Reinforcement Bars In Cases Of Exposure Short And Long Term Loading	140
Baluk I. On the calculation forces from the regulation forces in the structure with	
variable design scheme	
LopushanskyA. Determination of Stokes coefficients according to the GOCE satellite	146
Trehubov K. Methods of formation of a volumetric planning structure multifunctional museum complexes	148
Berezko O. Walkways Analysis of "Złote Tarasy" Mall in Warsaw	150
Yakubovskyy I. Late 18 <sup>th</sup> – mid 20 <sup>th</sup> Centuries Manor Houses in Ukraine	152

# A New Approach To The Dynamic Certification In Ukraine

Oleksiy Murashko<sup>1</sup>, Oleg Adamov<sup>2</sup>

- Reinforced Concrete And Brick Constructions Department, Odessa State Academy of Building and Architecture, UKRAINE Odessa, Didrihsona street 4, E-mail: alexeymurashko@gmail.com
- Energy and water infrastructure construction Department, Odessa State Academy of Building and Architecture, UKRAINE Odessa, Didrihsona street 4, E-mail: adamov@ogasa.org.ua

Abstract – The paper devoted to the situation analysis of buildings dynamic certification in Ukraine, and to proposition to it's consideration as the part of the assessment system of actual seismic resistance

Key words - dynamic certification, assessment system of actual seismic resistance

#### I. Introduction

The project of Ukrainian seismic risk reduction state program provides among the priority tasks the certification of the existing Building Fund in the seismic regions of Ukraine: Autonomous Republic of Crimea, part of the Transcarpathian Ukraine, part of Odessa and Chernivtsi regions [2]

Paragraph 1.3 DBN B.1.1-12: 2006 "Construction in seismic regions of Ukraine" [2] regulates the carrying out of the buildings dynamic certification after completion of construction, and inspection and certification of existing objects in accordance with existing regulations on technical assessment and certification of industrial and civil buildings (structures), used in seismic areas

Also issues of buildings certification, of physical deterioration effects, have repeatedly been raised in a number of studies, both domestic and foreign authors (Y. Nemchinov, J. Eisenberg, M. Kliachko, Y. Berzhinskiy and other authors [0]). All this confirms the importance of the raised in this paperissue

### II. Dynamic Certification As A Part Of Building Technical State Pasport

Certification of buildings (structures) is the first step to the preservation of existing buildings, particularly it is important for the conservation of architectural monuments and structures constructed long time ago.

Notwithstanding the requirements of regulatory documents frequently there is no information about the object, such as a square, size, date of overhauls, data on changes in layouts (if any), the bearing structures material data, also information about foundations and roofs is absend. Frequently information on geology, groundwater and underground mines missed.

Majority of the industrial, civil and hydrotechnical objects, have no executive documentation that disappeared as a result of wars, reconstructions and various natural disasters. And all of this structures requires for sertification.

The main task of buildings and structures certification is the compilation of a document called Building's Technical Condition Pasport. The compilation of building's technical condition pasport is preceded by the big amount of the assessment works:

- anthropogenic environmental change;
- geological site conditions; the chemical composition of the groundwater; the structure and landscaping elements; bases and foundations etc.
- the design and construction to buildings protect from dangerous geological processes;
  - the structure and landscaping elements;
  - bases and foundations;
  - entries and outlets of utilities;
- underground, waterproofing and protecting constructions;
- condition ambient air in and around the building (temperature, humidity, ventilation, chemical composition of the air);
- overground bearing and enclosing structures;
- covers and roofs;
- anticorrosive protection of structures, floor internal and external equipment;
- heat engineering, plumbing and ventilation systems and equipment;
  - insulating coating;
- other elements of buildings and their systems, design and installation of which is regulated by building codes

The result of the certification is the creation of unified system of registration 'monitoring and control of the objects state for well-timed detection of pre-emergency and emergency situations, as well as the stop the exploitation of emergency dangerous buildings (structures).

Certification of buildings - the primary stage of works to secure the necessary and economically viable level of earthquake resistance buildings in terms of moral, physical deterioration of structures, refine seismic hazard and further improve the current codes for design and construction in seismic regions of Ukraine [3].

The essence of the dynamic certification is to determine the buildings actual seismic resistance and compare it with the value of the potential seismic action at the site

## III. Dynamic Certification, As A Part Of The Actual Seismic Resistance Of Buildings Assessment System

Overall dynamic certification of buildings and structures is very expensive and may be recommended as the first step only for newly erected buildings and for existing buildings, which are under the reconstruction, or for especially important and unique objects. And also for objects that need additional inspection for the fist levelof the actual seismic resistance assessment.

The earlier proposed system of the actual seismic resistance assessment suggests, to determine three levels of assessment depending on the degree of responsibility of the object (consequence class) and the objectives of the inspection (assessment of potential damage as a result of the earthquake, assessment or monitoring of the technical condition of the building):

#### - Assess of actual seismic resistance level 1 (AASR-1)

- to assess the seismic risk of regions and develop action plan to improve the earthquake resistance to ensure the required level of reliability, also the development of a set of measures to eliminate the effects of earthquakes in the world practice technique as a form compiled on the basis of visual inspection.

#### - Assess of actual seismic resistance level 2 (AASR-2)

- A formal approach to the assessment of seismic resistance in the form of certification for building objects. This level includes dynamic certification, with elements of vibrodiagnostics and Final Element method modeling of strucyures behavior.

#### - Assess of actual seismic resistance level 3 (AASR-3)

- for the experimental buildings, especially important and unique objects (Consequence class CC3), it is necessary not only to carry out engineering and seismic tests, but also to design and test building using numerical simulation of nonlinear building structures under seismic impact that describes it via accelerograms recorded on the construction site.

In such system the dynamic certification in the first level can be recommended only for the especially important and unique objects. A system AASR1 may be the first obligate step in the creation of a buildings dynamic certificate.

#### Conclusions

- 1. Thus, for today there is no a single legalized method of dynamic certification in Ukraine at the level of Building code or standard.
- 2. Dynamic certification must be considered not only as a separate complex of works, but as part of a three-level assess of actual seismic resistance system.

#### References

- [1] V.S. Kukunaev, "Theoretical problems of dynamic certification of buildings in the Crimea" Collection of articles. Sector engineering, construction. Poltava, PNTU im.Kondratuka, pp. 32-38, 2008
- [2] DBN B.1.1-12:2006. Construction in seismic regions oa Ukraine. The official version . The Ministry of regional development, construction and housing of Ukraine, 2006. 82 p.
- [3] Ju.Nemchynov, N.Maryenkov, V.Kukunaev, "State Building Codes: "Construction in seismic regions oa Ukraine" Scientific publications of RDIBC,. vol. 64 pp.3 11, 2006.
- [4] L. Berzhinskaya, "The reliability of the regional types of buildings under seismic effects (on the example of the Baikal region)": Ph.D dis.synopsis,Ulan-Ude: East-Siberian State Technological University, 2006
- [5] Order on measures to implement the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine from 05.05.97 N 409 "About reliability maintenance and safe operation of buildings, structures and utilities." c.Kyev number 32/288 from 11/27/97
- [6] V. Dorofeyev, K.Yegupov, A.Murashko, A.Arsiriy, "The development of the assess of actual seismic resistance system" Proceedings of the international conference "Problems of development of road and building complexes", October 3-5, 2013, Kirovograd, KNTU, 2013 pp.291-295.
- [7] Ju.Nemchynov, V.Dorofeev, K.Yegupov, A.Murashko and oth.," Seismic hazards in Ukraine, investigation, experience and earthquake engineering development tasks ",Proceedings of the 15 World Conference on earthquake engineering, September 24-28, 2012, Lisboa, Portugal, №2176, 2012